# Fresno WEEKLY Expositor.

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—BY—

**PETERS & CO.**

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THE GRANDEST IN THE WORLD.

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## LIVERY STABLE.

For the accommodation of travelers.


### THE SONG OF A RUINED MAN.

(Who cares for nothing, alone is free,
Sit down, good fellow, and drink with me.)

With a careless heart and a merry eye,
We will laugh at the world as the world goes by.

He laughs at power, and wealth and fame,
He laughs at virtues, he laughs at shame.

He laughs at hope and he laughs at fear;
At Memory's dead leaves, crisp and sere.

He laughs at the future, cold and dim;
Nor earth, nor heaven, is dear to him.

O, that is the comrade fit for me!
He cares for nothing! his soul is free!

Free is the soul of the fragrant vine;
Sit down, good fellow, my heart is thine—

For I heed not custom's creed or law,
I care for nothing I ever saw.

In every city my cup I quaff;
And over my liquor riot and laugh.

I laugh like the cruel and turbulent wave,
I laugh in the church and laugh at the grave;

I laugh at joy, and well I know,
That I merrily, merrily laugh at woe.

I terribly laugh, with an oath and sneer,
When I think the hour of death is near—

For I know that death is a great divine,
Who shall drink my blood as I drink this wine,

And he cares for nothing! a king is he!
Come on, old fellow, and drink with me!

With you I will drink to the solemn past
Though the cup I drained should be my last.

I will drink to the phantoms of love and truth!
To ruined manhood and wasted youth.

I will drink to the woman who wrought my woe;
In the diadem morning of long ago.

To a heavenly face in sweet repose!
To the lilly's snow and the blood of the rose!

To the splendor caught from Orient skies,
That thrilled in the dark of hazle eyes.

Her large eyes wild with the fire of the South;
And the dewey wine of her warm red mouth.

I will drink to the thought of a better time;
To innocence gone like a death-bell chime!

I will drink to my soul in its terrible mood,
Dimly and sorrowfully understood.

And last of all, to the Monarch of Sin,
Who has conquered that place and reigns within.

My song is passing, it dies away;
I cannot tell is it night or day!

My heart is burned and blackened with pain,
And a horrible darkness crushes my brain.

Through awful chasms I plunge and fall,
Your hand, good fellow, I die—that's all.

I cannot see you—the end is nigh!
But we'll laugh together before I die!

Then cover me—will you?—with grassy sod,
The feared of man, the accursed of God!

### A STRANGE REMINISCENCE.

My greatest friend among the students at Leipzig Medical College was a strange erratic genius, named Hoffman, a philosophical enthusiast, science-mad.

His room was filled with electrical apparatus, and all its adjuncts. I was often at a loss to know how he could afford so much extravagant research, as I knew that his father was a broken-down merchant, who lived very plainly in a small cottage some fifteen miles from the city, originally a porter's lodge to a gentleman's seat in the neighborhood.

I accepted Hoffman's invitation the first vacation we were together, and spent a part of my holiday at the cottage, when I became acquainted with his family, consisting of his father, mother, and an only sister.

The father was a large, athletic man of apparently forty-five years of age, with a bold scornful look, and a treacherous eye. The mother and sister were more like Hoffman. Still I noticed that his mother had a constant habit of clasping her hands as if in prayer and turning her eyes heavenward. This surprised me very much, as Hoffman had never professed any religion whatever; but on the contrary, he would sometimes almost scoff at me for being a believer. He wanted me to lend him a certain sum to pay for the making of an electric apparatus of great size, with which he intended to restore life. I could not assist him; but two days after our return to Leipzig he called on me to say that his father would furnish him with the requisite amount in a few days.

This was the acme of bliss for him; and just three weeks after the evening he received the money from his father, he called on me to say that the machine was finished, and he would have an opportunity of using it on the following day, as a notorious murderer was to be hung, and he had made arrangements for obtaining his body.

"Strange, is it not," said he, "that this scoundrel will furnish the means whereby the scientific world will learn to honor me."

The hall at the cottage was a fine large, square room which you entered from a wide stair on the outside, near the ceiling, and on looking down you would perceive a semi-circular area.

Two stairs led down among the seats on either side to this area, in which stood the electric apparatus, and a long mahogany table bound with brass, with a number of hinges and foldings, which was capable of being swung around in all directions by means of a ball-and-socket joint in its pedestal.

On this table was a small box mounted in silver, which contained dissecting instruments; there was also several basins of water, and a bundle of towels.

Soon after we had taken our seats several elderly gentlemen entered the area also, one of them completely covered with his black gown; this was the demonstrator of anatomy, and he it was who would to-day operate upon the dead body of Schammel, the notorious highwayman.

The old church bell had pealed out its twelve strokes some time before any news reached us; but at fifteen minutes to one a young man entered hastily, whispered something to the doctor, who was enveloped in the black gown, and everything was excitement. The machine was put in action and the table prepared, and in another minute several men hurried into the room bearing a body, with a sheet thrown loosely over it.

A loud murmur was heard throughout the hall, and each one sprang to his feet to try and get a look at the dead body, which was placed on the table with its face downwards.

The sheet was at once removed, and I shuddered as I saw before me all that was mortal of the highwayman Schammel. Hoffman clutched my arm as the preparations were being made. Every fibre in his body seemed to be in a state of rigid tension, which displayed the strength and elegance of his muscular frame to great advantage.

Dr. Bremner, the anatomical lecturer, stepped forward immediately, and commenced addressing the gentlemen present. He informed them that very fortunately for the experiment about to be made now, the neck of the criminal did not seem to have suffered any very great injury. He then explained what he was going to do.

With his scalpel he made incisions upon important nerves in various parts of the body, and applied the wires; and under the influence the limbs were contracted, the muscles seemed clubbed up in knots, and the legs were drawn up and thrown out with a great force. This elicited repeated applause.

The excitement now was intense. The wires were applied to different portions of the body with the same effect, and the result was so fearfully strange that many fainted in their seats.

The wires were now applied to the phrenic nerve, and almost immediately respiration began; low at first, then more natural, and in proportion as the current was kept up, it became more hurried, and at last gasping.

The wires were now affixed to the thigh, and a powerful current from the huge voltaic pile carried to them.

The result was fearful.

The body turned suddenly around, and sat up perfectly straight; every muscle fixed with that terrible appearance of a rigid spasm. Its neck was thrust forward; the hair seemed to stand out, each individual one in regular order. Its eyelids were drawn back, while the eyeballs, with their dead, glazed pupils, protruded in a hideous, glassy stare. The nostrils were dilated, as if breathing heavily, and a horrible greenish foam oozed out of the corners of the rapidly working lips.

I could not remove my eyes from it for a moment. Never was I so spell-bound, and never did I behold such a terrifically hideous object. My whole soul was bound up with a feeling of unutterable horror. It turned suddenly toward where Hoffman and myself were sitting, and convulsively pointed its finger in that direction, while every fibre in its face was distorted by a ghastly, diabolical, gibbering grin. I swooned. The hall seemed to swim around me; but still my ears seemed pierced by the most agonizing cry I ever heard, and I distinctly caught the words, "My father!"

I could not think at once whence it proceeded, but before I had any time for reflection, a heavy body fell against me. It was poor Hoffman; he had sprung up in the air, like a stag when the hunter's bullet enters its heart, when he met that gaze. It was his father!

The gentlemen went on with their experiments, but with no success.

Hoffman never recovered from the shock he received that day, but for several months he was a raving maniac. About three days before he died he asked for his father, and mother, and sister; the mother and sister came, but they told him that his father was ill. He fortunately had no recolletion of it until a few days before he died, when all seemed to come back, like the recollections of some horrid dream. His last words to me were, "My dear friend, there is an avenging God, instead of a system of nature."

I made inquiries, and discovered that his father was a notorious highwayman, and moreover, the robbery and murder for which he was convicted were the crimes which enabled him to furnish his son the necessary means to complete his electric apparatus.

THE following are the opinions of the people in regard to the war:

American Democrat—"My spmpathies are with Prussia. France is all wrong—all wrong sir, depend upon it; and she will have all Europe against her."

Frenchman—"Ze diable she will! Vell, suppose she duz, sair; France whips the whole continent, sair! Qui, sair! Vive la France!"

German—"Petter go schlow a lettle tell you hears from Peersmark! Peersmarck is terr goot tamtest *gerschwint schlaeter* ever you tit see! Petter go schlow a lettle!"

Yankee Radical—"Well, gentlemen, I ain't much interested, no how, but I'll just bet a XX greenback that Uncle Sam kin lick 'em both quickern a yaller Jonny kin whisk his pig tail," (with both arms stuck in the arm holes of his vest, and a huge strut visible all over his presence.)

Englishman—"If hold England rise up in it, hit'll be a d——d short job; but hottherwise Napoleon's bound to be whipped, because he's got a bloody Hirishman to lead his army."

Irishman—"By that same token he'll win iviry foight thin, and here's the dacint lookin' money that sez so, be gorrah!"

BILLINGS GATE.—Experience don't make a man so bold az it duz careful.

Marrying an angel iz the poetry of marryiage, but living with her iz the proze; and this iz all well enuff if the taste ov the poetry hain't spiled our relish for the proze.

The man who lives on hope must pick the bones ov disappointment.

Adversity iz a poultess which reduces our vanity and strengthens our virtew; even a boy never feels half so good as when he haz just bin spanked and sot away to cool.

Pedantry iz the science ov investing what little yu know in one kind ov perfumery, and insisting upon sticking that under every man's knose whom yu meet.

Men, if they ain't too lazy, liv sumtimes till they are 80, and destroy the time a good deal az follows: The fust 30 years they spend throwing stuns at a mark; the second 30 they spend in examining the mark tew see whare the stuns hit, and the remainder iz divided in cussing the stun-throwing business and the rheumatiz.

IT is a little singular that Massachusetts, with its devotion to sumptuary laws, is the principal headquarters in the United States for rum. In fact, with two exceptions, all the rum made in the country is distilled in Boston and the immediate vicinity. The principal point is Medford. "Old Medford rum" is as familiar as a household word in every well regulated bar-room. But rum as a beverage is going out of use. The greater part of the export is now sent to the African coast along with the tobacco and missionaries.

HOW TO LEARN.—Never forget what a man has said to you when he was angry. If he has charged you with anything, you had better look it up. A person has often been startled from a pleasant dream of self-deception by the words of an angry man, who may wish his words unsaid the next hour, but they are past recall. The wisest course is to take home this lesson with meekness to our souls. It was a saying of Socrates, that every man had need of a faithful friend and a bitter enemy; the one to advise, the other to show him his faults.

MRS. WELSH of New York doesn't believe in the census, and told the Marshal so in words and figures as follows to wit: "What have I to do wid the Guvernment? Are yez the Guvernment? Answer questions, is it? Divil a wan of me; and don't ye stand in the door long, or maybe the Guvernment will lose his scelp, and it maybe the tail of his coat. Out wid yez."

AN old farmer said to his sons: "Boys, don't you ever spekerlate, or wait for suthin to come or turn up. You might just as well go and sit down on a stone in the medder, with a pail atwixt your legs, and wait for a cow to back up to you to be milked."

A VOICE comes from Washington Territory, saying, "Send us wives!" And a thousand unhappy Benedicts respond, "Take ours!"

### A ROMANTIC INCIDENT.

Last week there occurred in Bullitt county a strange affair, which is as yet unsolved in its particulars, but which was one of those peculiar transactions which seem to have no motive. A widow lady, with a daughter some eighteen years of age, lived near Mount Washington. They were without male protectors, and lived quietly and securely. One day the old lady received some $5,000 in payment of an old account, and locked it up in her trunk. The night following was dark and gloomy, and one that would cause people naturally to bar and lock doors and windows and to hesitate to open them to a stranger. Toward night, an old, bent-up, decrepit man came to the door, and, on it being opened, asked for shelter for the night. The widow told him she was alone, with no men folks about the house, and she disliked to take a stranger under her roof. The old man said that he was a stranger, poor, decrepit and destitute, and only asked for shelter from the approaching night.

The lady acceded to his request, and in due time he was shown to his room up stairs. The night grew darker outside, and the widow and her daughter were preparing to retire, when a heavy knock came upon the door, and voices of men outside were heard, demanding admittance in threatening tones. Terrified, knowing the danger of possessing a large sum of money, the widow concluded that the parties outside were confederates of the man to whom she had given shelter. Acting upon this suspicion, with trembling limbs she ran up stairs and locked the door of the suspicious stranger. Returning down stairs she heard the blows of an axe upon the door, and as she reached the foot of the stairs encountered the man she supposed she had locked safely in his room. No longer decrepit, bent and feeble, the stranger assumed stalwart proportions and stood upright. The gray hair and trembling voice were gone, and instead was a man of powerful and determined mien.

Believing that all was lost, the widow exclaimed, "You know what I have got; I will give it up!"

The stranger, instead of acceding to the terrified woman's offer, replied, "Don't annoy me; go into your room and I will protect you." He held in his hands a rifle he had taken from the rack, and as the blows of the assailants' axe fell upon the door, pushed the widow into her room. The door gave way, and the first man that came in was shot by the stranger, who grasped the falling body and pulled it inside the door. He then pulled the door wide open, and fired again, killing another of the assailants. The party turned to fly, and another of their number received a shot from the valiant stranger.

The attacking party having fled, the door was secured, and the affrighted inmates took occasion to examine the features of the dead robber, who proved to be the son-in-law and neighbor of the widow.

In the morning another was found leaning over the fence, with his arms thrown over the rails, dead. Mortally wounded, his failing strength carried him to the fence, where, in supporting himself, he had died. The stranger gave himself up to the magistrate, who examined into the case; the stranger refusing to give either his name, place of residence, or the nature of his business. The magistrate ordered his discharge, and the mysterious stranger departed. Who he was, why he assumed the disguise he did on that night, what was the nature of his business, or where he went, is a mystery not yet explained, and comment would be superfluous.—*Louisville Journal.*

WHAT THEY SAID.—Last week a man stepped up to us and said he would pay us every cent he owed if he lived until Saturday night. We presume that man died. Another said he would pay us in a day or two, as sure as we were born. Query.—Did the man lie, or were we ever born? Another said he would settle his bill as sure as shooting. We are led to the conclusion that shooting is decidedly uncertain! Another said he hoped to go to the d——l if he didn't pay us within three days. Havn't seen him since, but we trust he has not hoped in vain. Quite a number said they would see us to-morrow. Those men have been blind ever since, or else to-morrow has not come. One man told us six months ago that he would pay us as soon as he got some money. That man would not lie, and of course, he has not had a cent since.

WHISKY is not a tonic. It is probably an alterative, for it alters dollars to cents, virtue to crime, and men to brutes.

A BEAUTIFUL PIECE OF COMPOSITION. We consider the following one of the most beautiful pieces of composition that we ever read:

"It was night. Jereusalem slept as quietly as a child upon the breast of its mother. The noiseless sentinel stood like a statue at his post, and the philosopher's lamp burned dimly in the recess of his chamber. But a moral darkness involved the nations in its unlightened shadows. Reason shed a faint glimmering over the minds of men, like the cold and insufficient shining of a distant star. The immortality of man's spiritual nature was unknown, his relations unto heaven undiscovered, and his future destiny obscured in a cloud of mystery. It was at this period that the two forms of ethereal mould hovered about the land of God's chosen people. They came like sister angels, sent to earth on some embassy of love. The one of majestic statue and well formed limb, which her snowy drapery scarcely concealed, and in her erect bearing and steady eye, exhibiting the highest degree of confidence. Her right arm was extended in an impressive gesture upward, where night appeared to have placed her darkest pavilion; while on her left reclined her delicate companion, in form and countenance the contrast of the other. She was drooping like a flower moistened by refreshing dews, and her bright and troubled eyes scanned them with ardent but varying glances. Suddenly a light like the sun, flashed out from the heavens, and Faith and Hope hailed with exciting song the Star of Bethlehem. Years rolled away, and the Stranger was seen at Jereusalem. He was a meek unassuming man, whose happiness seemed to consist in acts of benevolence to the human race. There were deep traces of sorrow on his countenance, though no one knew why he grieved, for he lived in the practice of every virtue, and was loved by all the good and wise. By and by it was rumored that the stranger worked miracles, that the blind saw, the dumb spake, the dead arose, the ocean moderated its chafing tide, the very thunder articulated that he was the Son of God. Envy assailed him to death.

Thickly guarded, He slowly ascended the Hill of Calvary. A heavy cross bent Him to the earth. But faith leaned on His arm, and Hope dipped her pinions in His blood and mounted to the skies.

MARSHAL MCMAHON.—The prominent position which Marshal McMahon occupies in the French Army, coupled with the not unreasonable report that he will be selected to command the armies of France in the coming campaign, renders a brief sketch of his career quite interesting at the present time. He was born at Sully, in July, 1808, and derives his descent from an ancient and noble Irish family, who risked and lost all for the last of the Stuart kings. The McMahons, carrying their national traditions, ancestral pride and historical name to France, mingled their blood by marriage with the nobility of their adopted country. His father was a peer of France and a personal friend of King Charles X. The subject of this sketch went into the military service of France in 1825, at the school of St. Cyr; was sent to the Algerian wars in 1830; while acting as aid-de-camp to Gen. Achard took part in 1832; and after holding the post of aid-de-camp to several African Generals and taking part in the assault on Constantinople, was nominated Major of Foot Chasseurs in 1840, Lieutenant Colonel of the Fourth Legion in 1842, Colonel of the Forty-first of the Line in 1845, General of Brigade in 1848 and General of Division in 1852. When in 1855, Gen. Canrobert left the Crimea, Gen. McMahon, then in France, was selected by the Emperor to succeed him, in the command of a division; and when the chiefs of the allied armies resolved on assaulting Sebastopol, September 8th, they assigned to General McMahon the perilous post of carrying the works of the Malakoff. For his brilliant success on this occasion he was made Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor; and subsequently was nominated a Knight of the Grand Cross of the Bath. Gen. McMahon, who took a conspicuous part in the Italian campaign of 1859, received the baton of a Marshal, and was created Duke of Magenta in commemoration of that victory. He represented France at the coronation of William III, of Prussia, in November 1861, was nominated to the command of the corps d'armee Oct. 14, 1862, and was nominated Governor-General of Algeria by decree, September 1, 1864.

IF you want to keep a dead man, put him in whisky. If you want to kill a living man, put whisky into him.

# The Fresno Expositor

COUNTY OFFICIAL PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 24, 1870.


### AGENTS:

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the EXPOSITOR:

O. H. BLISS and S. H. HILL.....Kingston
JOHN BARTON.....Kings river
W. C. CALDWELL & S. R. COCKRILL...Centreville
A. KENNEDY.....Jones' Ferry
F. JENSSEN.....Big Dry Creek
LEROY DENNIS.....Buchanan
J. M. SHANNON.....At Large

Parties desiring to subscribe for our paper may apply to either of the above gentlemen, or they may forward their names and money to us per Express, at our expense.

MR. C. A. HART and MR. H. C. CARROLL are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the EXPOSITOR. They will visit every point in the county.

PETERS & CO.

WE give room to a large amount of war news in this issue, thinking that it will be of as much interest to our readers as anything else that we could place before them. It comprises news up to Saturday night, which is later than can be found in any of the metropolitan weekly papers, and as late as can be found in any of the dailies, save the San Joaquin *Republican*, the issue of the 22d, of which we expect to get to night, and which will contain dates to the 23d. A club has been formed at this place for the purpose of purchasing dispatches at Visalia, and we obtain them through it. It will be seen that victory still perches upon the German banners. The French are constantly being pressed back by the overpowering numbers of the active German army, which is pressing on, on to Paris, and the appearances now are certainly very favorable for their reaching there. The unprecedented success of the German army has certainly astonished the whole world. That France, the leading power of Continental Europe should be invaded and beaten on her own soil by what most people have heretofore considered a second rate power seems improbable, but nevertheless it is true. The results of the war thus far have clearly proven that the efforts of King William, and that remarkable genius, Bismarck, to bring the standard of the German nation to that of a first-class power, have been successful. Even if the tide of battle should turn against the Germans, and they be driven back upon their own borders—a contigency extremely improbable—France will hesitate long, after this war is settled, before again crossing swords with so formidable a nation.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.—From Harry Dixon, our accommodating Recorder we obtain the following statement of the real estate transactions in this county from August 8th to August 20th:

I. Friedlander to L. A. Sledge, 640 acres $1.

L. A. Sledge to Medora S. Whitfield 640 acres $1.

W. S. Chapman to Clinton Gunree, 1,920 acres, $3,456.

C. Gunree to W. S. Chapman (deed of trust), 1,920 acres, $1.

J. A. Cardinell to E. Goodall, 320 acres, $1,600.

J. W. Allen to T. R. Lowe, 160 acres, $220.

C. B. Moore to J. E. Hamilton, 640 acres, $500.

W. S. Chapman to E. Jenssen, 500 acres $1,250.

L. B. Harris to B. F. Langford, 320 acres, $1.

Alexander Mills to B. F. Langford 320 acres, $1.

M. Gottschalk to B. F. Langford, 320 acres, $1.

G. W. Chick to B. F. Langford, 320 acres $1.

Joshua Barton to B. F. Langford, 320 acres, $1.

Thomas Marshall to B. F. Langford, 320 acres $1.

B. F. Langford to Marian W. Wilson, 640 acres $1.

B. F. Langford to J. M. Wilson, 1,280 acres, $1

Fredrick Duhring et al to W. S. Chapman et al (deed of trust), 45.908 acres.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY GRANTED.

L. P. Domutzer to J. Bergman.

J. Alder to Daniel Mayer.

Leon Ehrman to Myer Ehrman.

C. H. Voigt to G. H. Eggers.

Thos. Bass to L. Gottig and Fredrick Duhring.

J. Adelsdorfer to M. Frankenthal.

Z. Adelsdorfer Jr. to M. Frankenthal.

MORTGAGES RELEASED:

H. Barnhart to Freeman Mills, $1,100.

BAKERSFIELD, and in fact almost the entire county of Kern, must be a very sickly locality. We frequently hear reports that nine out of every ten residents of that section are suffering from fevers, caused by the malaria arising from the stagnant water in the lakes and sloughs in that section.

HOUSE BURNED.—A house situated on Glass's ranch, in the mountains, was destroyed by fire on Thursday last. A large number of fruit trees were also ruined by the flames and heat. The origin of the fire is unknown.

MINSTREL PERFORMANCE.—On last Friday evening the Metropolitan Minstrel Company gave a very pleasant entertainment to a fair house, in this place.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY FAIR.—We call the attention of the residents of Fresno county to the fact that the time for holding the annual fair of the San Joaquin Valley District is near at hand. We would like very much that our county had an agricultural society of its own, and trust that it may have before another year rolls around, but in the meantime, and even after, let us vie with other portions of our fertile valley for the supremacy, either in fine stock, grain, fruits, or any other thing, so long as it represents Fresno county. There can be no better advertisement of our section to the world than will result from a free participation in a fair of the character and magnitude of the one in question. It is not the mere pecuniary amount paid as premiums which should induce the exhibition of articles, or of stock, but it should be done with a view of letting the world know what Fresno county can produce. We think our ladies are as handy with the needle, can make as good bread and as nice butter as those of any other section of the State, and will stand back for none in making preserves, jellies, and the like, and we see the Society offer premiums for the best articles in all these branches. Can't the ladies of Fresno enter and carry off the prizes, or some of them?

IT is reported in this section that parties in Merced county have wire nets stretched across the San Joaquin, and are catching the salmon as they run up stream, and feeding them to their hogs. Whether any such violation of the law is occurring we are not prepared to say, but we do know that the running of fish in this part of the river has almost entirely suspended, and we are informed that usually at this season of the year they pass up the stream in great numbers. If the report be true, the parties offending should be severely punished, as we learn they have made it a practice to catch fish, in the manner, and for the purpose first indicated, almost every season. Last year, we are informed, complaint was made to the District Attorney of Merced, but nothing was accomplished further than a temporary stop, owing to the faulty condition of the law.

MAILS.—We have received no intimation as yet that any improvement is likely to be made in the matter of more frequent mail service, between Stockton and Visalia, via Millerton, notwithstanding the the numerously signed petitions that have been placed before the Department upon the matter. We have no doubt that if the section of country depending upon this route for their mails, were ardent worshippers at the shrine of Grant & Co., they would have had their mail matters regulated long ago. There should be a daily mail route through from Stockton to Los Angeles. It would be the shortest and most direct way for the people of the southern portion of the State to obtain their Eastern as well as a large portion of their California mail.

### LATEST WAR NEWS.

NEW YORK 20.—*World's* special says the Germans have lost 100,000 men since entering France.

LONDON 19.—The *News* this morning contains dispatches from Brussels which says Napoleon is suffering from frebrile monomania, and cries out that he has been betrayed.

Dispatches from Berlin says the French armies were separated at Mars la Tour. Main army at Metz checked by first and second corps. Crown Prince with two corps now making to attack Frossard at Chalons. Dispatch adds, Bazine must cut his way through the German army or be forced to capitulate.

PARIS 19.—At battle on the 16th inst. the corps of Gen. Ladmeroult formed the extreme right of the army. A battalion of 73 regiments destroyed a German regiment of lancers and took its colors. Gen. Legrande was killed at the head of his division. Gen. Montagne is missing.—Prince Albert, Commanding cavalry killed. The following morning we were masters of the situation previously occupied by enemy. Force of the enemy in the battle estimated at 150,000 men. We have not exact figures of our losses yet.

LONDON 19.—Fighting all day yesterday near Mars la Tour.

BERLIN 19.—The Queen received the following to-day: "Resonville, near Metz, 18, 9 P. M.—The French army was attacked to day west of Metz. Their position was very strong. My command after a combat of 9 hours duration totally routed the French forces and interupted their line of communication with Paris and threw them back upon Metz.

PARIS 19.—The streets are filled with people roaring the *Marseillaise* and rejoicing at reported victories.

Gen Trochu is actual Dictator of France and is spoken of as future Consul of the Republic.

NEW YORK 20.—Special this morning says Paris is terribly excited over news received from the army. The flight of Ollivier fully confirmed.

Prince Napoleon with all the valuables has left for Switzerland.

A Cabinet Council has been summoned to consider the question of outside intervention for peace.

LONDON 20.—Another great Prussian victory announced.

PARIS 20.—The inhabitants of Chalons have been ordered to remove their grain within 24 hours.

A part of the German army has reentered Nancy and named a Mayor for the city.

The German loss during the last two or three days has not been less than 90,000.

### WAR NEWS.

LONDON 13.—Special to the *Evening Telegraph* says reports from Carlsrhue this morning annouces the capitulation of Strasbourg after short bombardment.

Sharp fighting took place in front of Metz yesterday; a considerable force of Prussians advanced into the environs of the city, as a reconoitering party; they were taken by surprise by fire from batteries and forced to retire.

Reinforcements for the French constantly and rapidly arriving.

The advance of the German army has received a decided check at this place and a great battle cannot much longer be delayed.

The London *Globe* is informed that the French army holds the best possible position on the Moselle and their front is at right angles with their line of communication with Paris.

Gen. Changarnier has been appointed Commandant of the fortresses of Metz.

Corps at Chalons consisting of new levies being rapidly organized by Gen. Trochu and a new corps is forming at Paris under Gen Vendez.

King of Prussia has issued proclamation at St. Avold, declaring conscription abolished in all French Territory occupied by German troops.

Holland has sent 1,200 volunteers to serve in the Papal army.

It is rumored this evening that a great battle is now going on at Metz.

NEW YORK 13.—French Minister has received dispatches that a fight was going on at Metz—French commenced the engagement.

LONDON 13.—Falksburg, the key to the Vosges, 25 miles from Strasburg has surred. The Germans under the Prince Royal had left Falksburg in their rear long before its surrender.

PARIS 13.—Over 400,000 troops will be united in a day or two between the Vosges and Moselle to repel German invasion. Swarms of volunteers are rushing to the front—railroads and wagon roads are crowded.

LONDON 14.—A Erench Detachment on the railroad, near Pont a Moussin, was attacked by Prussians; the French retreated leaving their baggage train.

PARIS 14—Nancy has been occupied by the Germans, and communication between there and Paris interrupted.

A portion of the railroad between Frouard and Paris has been destroyed by German cavalry.

PARIS 14.—After all the French had left Nancy the Prussians occupied the city. The Mayor was ordered to pay 50,000 francs Railroads and telegraphs and the fine seven arch bridge were destroyed by she French.

Prince Frederick Charles head quarters are at Herry, within 20 miles of Metz.

LONDON 14.—Special from Carlsrhue says Strasburg was bombarded with hot shot Friday and Saturday and given 48 hours to surender.

PARIS 14.—Strasbourg can only be captured by famine and it has provisions for many months.

BERLIN 14.—King William's headquarters yesterday half way between Metz and Saar Bruck.

LONDON 14.—The Emperor has left Metz for Chalons. A great battle is expected between Chalons and Nancy.

Metz is still in the possession of the French but their position as been turned.

Rivers Elbe, Elder, Jadhr and Weisser blockaded by French fleet.

PARIS 14.—Empress Eugenie has issued another proclamation of an assuring character. 375,000 additional men have been called into the service.

PARIS 15.—The Germans have appeared before Toul. French papers give up all hopes of armed assistance from Italy.

The *N. Y. Herald's* London dispatches of 15th says, Germans hold Pont a Mousson.

While the French were retreating to the west of the Moselle they were attacked by the Prussians under Steinmetz. The French were thrown into confusion at first but rallied and made a gallant stand, though they were finally routed.

A dispatch from Carlsrhue says the Germans occupy Mulhausen and Saar.

100,000 of the Landwehr are crossing the frontier.

PARIS 15.—Papers assert Nancy was given to the enemy to enable the French to retire to Toul, which is better fortified. They also say that the Germans outnumbered them, and that the French army is taking up position for a great battle.

A second pitched battle is reported to have occurred near Metz this morning. The Germans claim a victory.

30,000 of McMahon's troops, which were supposed cut off, have arrived at Strasburg in safety.

Twenty French citizens were shot at Woerth by Germans in retaliation for alleged cruelty to their wounded.

The Emperor on leaving Metz issued a complimentary address charging citizens never to give up that bulwark of France.

Dispatches from the Emperor says, our army commenced crossing to the left bank of the Moselle this morning. Our advance guard had no knowledge of the presence of any force of the enemy, when they attacked us with great force, but were repulsed after four hours fighting with great loss to them.

NEW YORK 16.—The following from Saverne, just received: Fortress Morsala, a small town a little north east of Nancy, was captured by a body of Bavarian troops after a short bombardment—sixty cannon captured.

It is feared in Paris that McMahon's corps, at and around Strasbourg, are entirely cut off.

French official bulletins say the Germans are not in any great force before Strasbourg. The town of Bitsche still holds out. Railroad bridge between trasbourg and Basle destroyed by the enemy.

LONDON 16.—A dispatch says two battles were fought Sunday, one at Ponger, eight miles from Metz, and the other at Longueville. The Germans assailed the French rear guard and drove them behind the entrenchments at Metz, and the assailants were then repulsed.

PARIS, August 16.—The Prefect of Verdun telegraphs no news from Metz. All day yesterday the roar of cannon heard between Metz and Verdun. Prussians who reached here from that direction say a great battle was fought, and that the Prussians lost 40,000 men and were completely routed. The Gov't has not been able to verify this report.

PARIS, August 16.—A riot occurred at Lyons, and 5 policeman wounded; authorities soon quelled disturbance. Official confirmation of a great victory is impatiently awaited. Paliko states in the Senate that he had no news that Bazaine unmasked two batteries of mitrailleurs on Sunday's battle, and Prussian regiments were annihilated.

McMahon issued a complimentary address to his troops, saying his retreat was victory, and comparing numbers his troops showed the greatest valor.

BERLIN, August 16.—Fort Henry capitulated yesterday, great quantity of rovisions and 6 guns captured. King William telegraphs he has just returned from battle field, near Metz. The conflict was desperate, involving the entire line. The enemy was repulsed at all points and pursued to glacis of detached works near fortress, where the enemy sheltered their wounded. He has been among the troops.

BERLIN, August 16.—The following is made public: Our advances, finding themselves near Metz, believing the enemy about to retreat, attacked rear guards of Bazaine's corps. A violent combat ensued, our second brigade under Osterhaus advanced, and immediately Kirchback's and Wrangles' divisions participated, driving the enemy at all points. This morning King William made a reconnoissance.

LONDON, August 16.—*Herald* cable says reports from Verdun say a great battle has been fought, but silence of French authorities construes it into a Prussian victory *Tribune* cable says Bazaine was retreating Sunday when attacked, and Prussians repulsed after 4 hours fight.

LONDON, August 16.—Prussians have six hundred thousand men on French soil, carrying needle guns, with fifteen hundred cannon. *Tribune* cable says at battle of Sunday the French loss was 10,000 killed and wounded, and 7,000 prisoners. German loss 7,500.

LONDON August 17.—Dispatches received to day at the Prussian Embassy confirm Prussian successes of Sunday. French ironclad fleet is off Hamburg, blockading the Elbe. Lighters loaded with torpedoes were dispatched down the river to await orders.

PARIS, August 17.—The following is received: Metz, Aug. 17—We had a serious engagement yesterday, 6 miles south west of Metz. We gained the advantage, but lost heavily.

PARIS, August 17.—It is rumored that Gen Le Boeuf is imprisoned.

LONDON, August 17.—*Herald* cable says that the French army of the Rhine has received a coup de grace near Metz, and is now in disastrous retreat towards Verdun in a shattered condition. The soldiers individually are desperate. The Emperor is believed to be in actual command of the army. Baden troops fired a railroad train at Strasbourg. *Tribune* cable says 10,000 French wounded at Campton, and the camp presents a scene of riot, disorder and dissipation. Reports of disturbances in Paris have unsettled the Garde Mobile, one-half of whom would break away and return to Paris in case of a revolution.

Paris papers confess their inability to explain the course of military events, owing to lack of dates, etc.

NEW YORK, August 17.—London special says: We have no accounts of French victory at the crossing of the Moselle, but the Emperor's official dispatch rumors to night that Prussians suffered a most serious serious defeat, with enormous loss of men, and have been driven back to the river. This news does not come from the French Government, which manifests singular indifference to public opinion, in consequence of the military character imposed on Count Palakio. Disturbances in Paris have not been renewed.

PARIS, August 17.—Official: The Minister of War received news from the army which continues combined after combat of Sunday night. Two divisions of the Prussian army sought to interrupt march, and were repulsed. Emperor is at Chalons, where a large force is being organized.

LONDON, August 17.—Main body of the French army is concentrated at Elien, about 12 miles east of Verdun. Troops now in Algiers will not be recalled.

NEW YORK, August 17.—T. Gallord telegraphs to a French paper that the battle of Sunday and Monday both, fought between Metz and Verdun, the attack did not check retreat, on the contrary the Prussians sustained so severe a reverse that they were compelled to halt on their victorious march from the Moselle; this check will enable Gen. Trochu to reorganize the army at Chalons, already numbering 200,000 men.

NEW YORK, August 18.—London special dispatch from Berlin says that another attempt has been made for peace between France and Prussia. The Queen's messengers arrived at Berlin yesterday with proposals of peace from the English cabinet. The French Emperor expressed readiness to treat for peace. King William and Bismarck were telegraphed to at headquarters, the King replied, if Napoleon wished for peace he must ask for an armistice in the usual way, or issue must be decided by arbitration or war. Information was received from Verdun this (Thursday) morning that a great battle was progressing near Malatoun, one-third of the way on the road from Metz to Verdun, large number wound d on both sides. No particulars received. Gen's. Frossard and Beautiville reported to be wounded. A large number of Prussians entered Bricy, Dep't Moselle.

PARIS, August 18.—Official dispatches from Bazaine, just received, claims great victory over Prince Frederick Charles and Gen. Steinmetz.

BERLIN, August 18.—On Thursday 3d corps advanced towards Metz on the line of the enemy's retreat and encountered severe fighting, the conflict lasted twelve hours, losses on both sides heavy. Prussian Generals Doering and Widel killed, Rusick and Grusher wounded. French driven in upon Metz

BERLIN, August 18.—Naval engagement in the Baltic Sea, between one division of the Prussian fleet, consisting of an aviso and the gunboats Arache and Salamond, and French fleet of 4 armored frigates, corvette, and an aviso. Prussians soon withdrew with loss. French fleet off Dorn-basch.

NEW YORK, August 18.—Private cable says Bazaine declared enemy repulsed along the whole line. German official reports claim the victory on the ground that the French were prevented continuing retreat.

LONDON 18.—The *Tribune's* correspondence from Chalons says no communication exists between Chalon or Metz and Verdan. We do not know where the main body of the French army is.

The *Tribunes's* correspondent at the head-quarters of the Crown Prince says, we are daily advancing. McMahon's corps is almost destroyed; no remnant being found as the Prince pushes steadily forward against the right flank of French army.

LONDON 18.—Bazine telegraphs that he held his position yesterday against Prince Fredrick Charles and Steinmetz.

VERDAN 18.—Battle still going on this side of Mars de la Tours, and seems to be in favor of the French. On Tuesday the enemy were repulsed along the entire line.

LONDON 18.—The *Tribun's* cable dispatches says Tuesday's battle, as reported by the French, is a crowning proof of their falsehoods and concealment in recent telegraphs. While Palakio was assuring the Corps Legislatiff, that Bazine was pursuing his route unmolested to Verdan, the Germans were attacking the French flank and one portion of Bazine's army had been forced to abandon the road and were again in Metz.

Prince Charles is believed to be advancing to Chalons.

A junction of Bazine and McMahon is expected near Chalons, where the French eqpect to make a stand.

M Thiers advised in Corps Legislatiff that the surrounding population of Paris be obliged to move their cattle and goods within the city walls and that the entire suburbs of the city should be laid waste.

Losses of Germans at Gravelottie said to be 10,000; that of French 3,000.

PARIS 19.—Germans sent a flag of truce demanding an armistice to allow them to bury their dead—it was refused.

The ground between Metz and Verdan has been a scene of constant carnage since Sunday.

Great enthusiasm in Paris at the news of repeated French victories.

Bazine telegraphs, "Verdan 17th. The army of Fredrick Charles attacked the right of our position this morning—battle lasted till night. We hold our position—our loss heavy. Enemy driven back along entire line."

It is reported Germans captured Parlo Duc.

On Sunday nearly all the German cannon fell into our hands—their loss was 16,000 or 18,000 men.

The Pope has asked King William to allow him to offer his mediation for peace. William replied respectfully, if the Pope can offer from him who so suddenly and unexpectedly declared war, assurances of a sincerity of his pacific disposition, and a guarantee against a similar attempt on the peace of Europe, he would not refuse.

☞ OUR readers have observed that we rarely praise patent medicines, and that we advertise only the very best of them. But now, the remarkable recovery of Mrs. Rice, of Canastota, from her distressing and almost helpless scrofulous disease, which is known throughout the community, and unquestionably the effect of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, leads us to publish without reserve the remarkable efficacy of this medicine. We do this in the interest of the afflicted. Any remedy which can so effectually "raise one from the dead," should be universally known; and we wish it may be universally as successful as it has been in the case of Mrs. Rice.—*Daily Journal, Syrrcuse.*

### CAMP MEETING NOTICE.

The camp-meeting for Millerton Circuit, Visalia District, M. E Church, South, will commence Thursday, September 1st, 1870, on Musick's ranch, Big Dry Creek. The public is invited to attend. A table will be kept on the ground by Mrs. E. Jane Hyde, where everything necessary in the line of eatables can be had. A corral will be furnished with horse feed by J. N. Musick. Ministers from a distance will be in attendance. Persons expecting to remain on the ground over night will please bring their bedding.

J. H. NEAL, P. C.

### BORN.

In Millerton, August 18th, the wife of A. J. Brawley of a son.


THE TENTH

ANNUAL FAIR

—OF THE—

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY!

WILL BE HELD IN THE

CITY OF STOCKTON!

COMMENCING ON

TUESDAY SEPTEMBER, 20, 1870,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1870.

Liberal PREMIUMS have been offered in every Department of Industry, for full particulars of which, reference is made to the large bills, or posters, published by the Society, which will be distributed throughout the entire District. Particular attention is directed to the

SPECIAL PREMIUMS

Offered by citizens of the city engaged in different lines of business. The Premiums amount in the aggregate to over

SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The Race Track and Fair Grounds.

New stalls have been built and ample accommodation provided for Stock. The Track is in splendid condition and from the Liberal Premiums offered the trial of speed will, without doubt, be unusually attractive.

—0—

THE GRAND ANNUAL BALL

WILL TAKE PLACE ON

Friday Evening, September 23d, '70

☞ Address:

J. K. DOAK, President.
H. T. COMPTON, Secretary,
T. K. HOOK, Treasurer,
Stockton.

au8-1td



THE NEW FOOD.

For a few cents you can buy of your Grocer or Druggist a package of SEA MOSS FARINE, made from pure Irish Moss, or Carrageen, which will make sixteen quarts of Blanc Mange, and a like quantity of Puddings, Custards, Creams, Charlotte Russe, &c. It is the cheapest, healthiest, and most delicious food in the world. It makes a splendid Dessert, and has no equal as a light and delicate food for Invalids and Children.

A Glorious Change!!

THE GREAT WORLD'S TONIC.

Plantation Bitters.

This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid, it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all Climates, tropical, temperate, or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits. For sale by all Druggists.



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No evidence could prove more conclusively how fully the public appreciate the new and liberal features of this Company, and the well earned reputation of its leading Officers and Directors than the

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# The Fresno Expositor

COUNTY OFFICIAL PRESS.


### RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

There will be regular preaching once in each month at the following named places. Rev. J H. Neal pastor:

First Sabbath at the Mississippi School House at 11 o'clock.

Second Sabbath Scottsburg School House at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Third Sabbath at the Dry Creek School House at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Fourth Sabbath in the Court House, Millerton, at 11 o'clock.

## TOWN AND COUNTY.

THE REPORTED INDIAN UPRAISING.—We learn that the Indian upraising, mention of which we have made elsewhere, was instigated by an old witch, or "medicine man," who, being made acquainted with the grievances of the "noble red man," went out alone into the mountain fastnesses, and returned after a time and reported to the rest of the Indians—who were assembled at a fandango—that he had discovered the "Great Spirit," and that being had informed him that at the appearance of the new moon the whites were all to die, together with their cattle, sheep and hogs, and all the Indians in the service of the whites also. The horses, however, were to remain for the sole uses and benefits of "Lo." A good time was to come upon them. This witch was to furnish each and every Indian with a sack of flour, which, like the famous measure of meal of the widow, mentioned in the Old Testament, was never failing A piece of bread of very small size, placed upon a piece of board, though attacked by a hundred hungry Indians, would constantly increase in size. The antelope and deer were again to return, and game of all kinds was to abound as in days of yore, before the vandal foot of the degraded white man trod the soil of their sacred realms. The price of these blessings were that the Indians, after the whites were disposed of, were to be peaceable and orderly, and refrain from drinking. At first this story did not gain general credence from the dusky sons of the forest, and so two other reliable Indians were sent out with the old witch to see the "Great Spirit." After traveling for some time they were conducted to the sacred abode of this mighty Indian personage. A large box containing the bones of numberless dead men was found, and in the middle of this box sat the individual sought after, and who corroborated the story related. So the embassadors returned to headquarters and reported progress, and the result has been a general skedaddling of all Indians in the employ of white men. The witch is a Pah Ute, and they seem to be the principal instigators of the affair.

FEARS OF INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.—For several days past rumors have been flying about that the Fresno and Mono Indians, assisted by the Pah Utes, were about to commence hostilities against the whites. While we have serious doubts as to there being any danger of such an event, still the stories that are going about are very plausible. The Indians have many grievances to complain of, and that they should be incited to seek revenge does not seem improbable. They depend, in a great measure, for their sustenance, upon the grass seeds and acorns which they gather in the mountains. This season cattle and hogs have been driven thither in great numbers, and as a consequence they have been robbed of their grass seed and acorns In some instances, we are told, white men have forbidden them, under any circumstances, gathering acorns at different points in the mountains, as they wished to keep them to feed their hogs upon. Some Indians had small gardens of corn and melons, these were broken into by cattle and hogs and completely destroyed, so, naturally enough the "poor Lo's," seeing starvation staring them in the face, have undoubtedly made some harsh threats. In the vicinity of Coarse Gold Gulch and the headwaters of the Fresno, the inhabitants are greatly alarmed, as they are fully exposed to the attack of the Indians, should one be made, and some friendly Indians have told the white people of that vicinity there surely would be. It is said the witches, or "medicine men" of the tribes are urging them to make war on the whites. While we do not apprehend any danger, we think it would not be amiss to warn the settlers that the Indians have some rights which should be respected. There are enough Indians in the mountains of this county to cause a considerable disturbance should they desire to do so.

LUMBER.—It is said that our saw mills do not turn out lumber fast enough to supply the demand. The price for lumber at the mills is cheap, cheaper than almost any other place in the State. Twelve dollars per thousand is all that is charged for common lumber at the mills, but the hauling, that's the catcher. It costs $20 per thousand to haul lumber from Humphirey and Mock's mill to this place—the distance about thirty miles; so that ultimately the price of lumber gets up pretty well.

SOME MUSKMELON.—Mr. Russel Flemming informs us that he saw at Centreville, in this county, one day last week, a muskmelon which weighed fifty-four pounds. This may appear rather extravagant, but the statement can be fully relied on. It beats anything of the muskmelon order we ever heard of.

BLACKSMITH SHOP ON DRY CREEK.—Mr. S. W. Henry has opened a blacksmith shop on Big Dry Creek This will meet the requirements of a large and rapidly growing settlement The work which will be turned out from the shop, people may be assured will be of the best quality.

FIRE.—On last Friday morning a fire occurred at McComb's Hotel, in this place. It originated in one of the rooms upstairs, but was discovered and extinguished by Mr Thos. Duncan, who chanced to be present at the time. It was a very narrow escape, however, as the fire had gained considerable headway.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Wm. Abee is just finishing a new building, below Froelich's store, which he designs using as a carpenter and cabinet maker's shop.

THE river is exceedingly low.


### The Verdict of California.

Californians, as a rule, take nothing for granted. Any article that likes intrinsic merit is sure to be a dead failure in the Golden State. Twelve years ago HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS were quietly introduced here Their uses were plainly set forth, and the community was invited to give them a fair trial, as a remedy for dyspepsia, biliousness, intermittent and remittent fevers, general debility, nervous affections, and all the ordidary diseases of the digestive and secretive organs. They were also recommended as an appetizing and invigorating preparation, and as a preventitive of complaints of an epidemic character. The result may be summed up in a few words. A demand for the article immediately sprang up, and has ever since been increasing in a progressive ratio, until HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have become a leading commercial staple in the California market, and along the whole Pacific seacoast, from Central America to British Columbia. The consumption of the Great Vegetable Tonic and Restorative, in the Pacific States alone, is upwards of One Million Bottles per year, and its popularity overshadows that of every other medicine, proprietary or otherwise, sold on this side of the continent. This fact is so notorious, that it is like repeating a recognized truism, to put it into print. Since the introduction of the BITTERS the demand for the adulterated liquors of commerce has gradually declined, both in the cities and at the mines. The perfect purity of article, its restorative and preventive properties, and its admirable adaptation to the wants of a people too prone to exhaustive labor of body and mind, are appreciated by the medical profession, and it is prescribed as a stomachic and alterative to the exclusion, in a great degree, of all the unmedicated alcoholic stimulants.

### Pure Blood, Muddy Water.

Pure blood may be compared to pure water, and impure blood to muddy water. If you pass muddy water through muslin you soil it: continue the process and you cover it with thick mud. Blood passes through all parts of the body; if good and pure it nourishes and cleanses the parts it goes through. If impure it leaves more or less dirt behind it. BRANDRETH'S PILLS are the medicine wanted, because they are made on purpose to take dirty humors out of the blood, and they never fail. These pills cure scrofula, even of forty years' standing; they have cured cases of rheumatism when the patient had not walked for four years; of paralysis, where the legs had lost their power of movement for seventeen years. The evidence in these cases cannot be disputed. Is there a town in the world where such evidences exist not? If BRANDRETH'S PILLS have been much used there we know that such evidence can be found. But be sure and see upon each box my name in the Government stamp, in white letters.

B. BRANDRETH, Brandreth House, New York. Sold by all druggists.

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PERRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE R.I.
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This Valuable Family Medicine has been widely and favorably known in our own and foreign countries upwards of

THIRTY YEARS

It has lost none of its good name by repeated trials, but continues to occupy a prominent position in every family medicine chest.

It is an External and Internal Remedy. For Summer Complaint, or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults, it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of CHOLERA than any other known remedy, or the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is more or less prevalent, the Pain Killer is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates, A Sure Remedy; and while it is a most effeient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine, even in unskillful hands.

Directions accompany each bottle.

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**Price, 25 cts., 50 cts and $1 00 Per Bottle.**

IF you wish the best Cabinet Photographs, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco. 1y

## SOLE TRADER'S NOTICE.

**Notice of application of a married** woman to become a Sole Trader. Notice is hereby given that E. C. CONVERSE, of Converse's Ferry, Fresno county, intends to make application to the District Court of the 13th Judicial District, County of Fresno, and State of California, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1870, for an order of said Court, permitting her to carry on business in her own name, and on her own account pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of the State of California passed April 12th, 1852, entitled "An Act to authorize married women to transact business in their own name," and of an Act amendatory of, and supplementary thereto approved April 8th, 1862. The business she intends to carry on is farming and stock raising, in the County of Fresno and State of California.

Dated August 24th, 1870.

E. C. CONVERSE.

Attorneys for Petitioner—HART & ALLISON.

## NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

BIG BRY CREEK, FRESNO CO. CAL.

**The undersigned, recognizing the** growing want, takes pleasure in informing the residents of Big Dry Creek and vicinity, that he has just opened a blacksmith shop, which he intends permanently to maintain, near Darwin's ranch, on Big Dry Creek.

Every description of Blacksmithing done. Particular attention paid to

**HORSE SHOEING!**

The best of work guaranteed in all instances, and at prices to suit the times.

S. W. HENRY.

August 24th, 1870. tf

## NOTICE TO SHEEP MEN.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL FURNISH from 15,000 to 30,000 acres of good grazing land, well watered, in the San Joaquin Valley, to any person with from 4,000 to 8,000 sheep Will make a fair exchange of some of said lands for an interest in such a flock of sheep; or will lease the land for a term of years. Address:

JOHN W. PEARSON,
No. 605 California street,
an24 1m San Francisco.

## NOTICE.

**ALL Persons entitled to vote at** the Millerton Election Precinct at the Election to be held for Supervisor for District No 2, on September 7th, 1870, and who are not enrolled, will please call at the office of the Clerk of Election, in Millerton and attend to the matter.

WM. FAYMONVILLE, Clerk.

## FOR SUPERVISOR.

AT THE REQUEST OF MANY CITIZENS

**THOMAS P. NELSON,**

Of the Mississippi Settlement, Big Dry Creek, has consented to be a candidate for Supervisor of District No. 2, at the ensuing election.

## ADDRESS TO

—THE—

## NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED,

**WHOSE SUFFERINGS**

HAVE BEEN

**Protracted from Hidden Causes,**

AND WHOSE CASES REQUIRE

**PROMPT TREATMENT**

**to Render Existence Desirable.**

If you are suffering or have suffered, from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling on this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and hand have but little appetite, and you attribute his to dyspepsia, or liver complaint?

**NOW, READER,**

self abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health,

MAKE THE MAN.

**DID YOU EVER THINK**

that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men, are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health.

You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, or palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always pleasant and polite in the society of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflated by running to excess. These will not only

**RUIN THEIR CONSTITUTION,**

but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from, badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—

**IDIOCY, LUNACY, PARALYSIS,**

spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic.

## HELMBOLD'S

## FLUID EXTRACT

## BUCHU

is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

—o—

**HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,**

Established upward of Nineteen Years,

IS PREPARED BY

**H. T. HELMBOLD, DRUGGIST,**

**594 Broadway, New York,**

AND

**104 South Ten Street, Phila., Pa.**

**Price, $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists.**

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

jy13 1y **H. T. HELMBOLD.**

**NEW SUBSCRIPTION LIST for 1870**

## J. W. SULLIVAN,

IMPORTER OF

**SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY,**

**NOVELS, MAGAZINES, AND**

**NEWSPAPERS,**

**609 Sansome St., San Francisco.**

We would call the attention of the people of the Pacific Coast to the following list of American and Foreign Periodicals, which we are in the regular receipt of, and which they may depend upon receiving by the earliest conveyance, and in advance of Publication Office. Subscriptions at Honolulu, Japan, China and Mexico, postage to be added. Australian papers received.

**Atlantic Periodicals.**

| | Per Year. | 6 Mos. |
|---|---|---|
| Overland Monthly Magazine | $4 00 | $2 00 |
| Harper's Monthly Magazine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Godey's Lady's Book | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| Our Young Folks' Magazine | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| Lippincott's Magazine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| The Galaxy | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Leslie's Lady's Magazine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Demorest's Mirror of Fashion | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Peterson's Lady's Magazine | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| Arthur's Home Magazine | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| Ladies' Friend Magazine | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| Ladies' Repository | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| New York Old Guard | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| Monthly Novelette | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| The Chemical News | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Eclectic Engineering Magazine | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| The New Eclectic Magazine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Eclectic Magazine | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Hunt's Merchant's Magazine | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Banker's Magazine | 8 00 | 4 00 |
| Le Bon Ton | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Appleton's Journal, new part | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Catholic World Magazine | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Braithwaite's Retrospect | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| Hall's Journal of Health | 2 00 | 1 25 |
| Ballou's Magazine | 2 00 | 1 25 |
| Phrenological Journal | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| Yankee Notions—comic | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Leslie's Budget of Fun—comic | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Nix Nax—comic | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Merryman's Monthly | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Comic Monthly | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Phunny Phellow—comic | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| The Nursery Magazine | 1 50 | 1 00 |
| American Agriculturist | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| Monthly Parts—Waverley Magazine | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| Monthly Parts—Every Saturday | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Monthly Parts—Chimney Corner | 5 0 | 3 0 |
| N.Y. Herald, weekly | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| " Police Gazette | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Clipper | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Day's Doings | 5 0 | 2 50 |
| " Sporting Times | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Home Journal | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Weekly Tribune | 3 00 | |
| " Sunday Mercury | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Weekly Times | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " World | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " Independent | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Ledger | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Irish Citizen (Mitchell's) | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " Fireside Companion | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| " Chimney Corner, illustrated | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Day Book | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| " Leslie's Pictorial | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Harper's Bazaar | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Freeman's Journal | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| " Harper's Weekly | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Irish People, F. B. Organ | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Irish American | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| " Scientific American, illustrated | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Artizan | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Wilkes' Spirit of the Times | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " Turf, Field and Farm | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " The Nation | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " Army and Navy Journal | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " Weekly | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " Literary Album, Illustrated | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Mercury | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Scottish American Journal | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Leslie's Boys and Girls, Illst'd | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| " Demorest's Young America | 1 50 | 1 00 |
| " Riverside Magazine | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| " Oliver Optic | 3 50 | 1 75 |
| " Hearth and Home | 4 00 | 2 50 |
| " Emerald | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Western World | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Boston Weekly Journal | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| " Every Saturday | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| " Littell's Living Age | 8 00 | 4 00 |
| " Wide World | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " American Union | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Flag of our Union | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Pilot | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Waverley Magazine | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " Banner of Light | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " True Flag | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Literary Companion, Illst'd | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Investigator, Liberal | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Illustrated Police News | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| Philadelphia Forney's Press | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Saturday Night | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Congressional Globe and Appendix | 10 00 | |
| Louisville Weekly Journal | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Baltimore Weekly Sun | 3 00 | 2 00 |
| Richmond Enquirer | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| New Orleans Picayune | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Missouri Republican, St. Louis | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Portland Transcript, Maine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Banner of the South, Augusta, Ga. | 4 00 | 2 00 |

**German & French Publications.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| N.Y. Leslie's Zeitung, German | $5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Staats Zeitung | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| " Criminal Zeitung | 5 00 | 2 50 |
| " Echo d'Italia, Italian | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| " Le Courier des Etats Unis, Fr. | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| Illustration, Paris | 15 00 | 8 00 |
| Die Gartenlaube, Monthly Magazine | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Uber Land und Meer, semi Monthly | 6 00 | 3 50 |
| Novellen Schatz | 5 00 | 3 00 |

**Foreign Periodicals.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| London Illust'd News, & Supple'ts | 14 00 | 7 00 |
| " Weekly Dispatch | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| " Public Opinion | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| " Weekly Times | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| " Bell's Life | 15 00 | 8 00 |
| " Punch | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| Manchester Times | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| Liverpool Journal | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| Dublin Nation | 8 00 | 5 00 |
| Cornhill Magazine | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| Temple Bar Magazine | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| London Society Magazine | 6 00 | 3 00 |
| " Lancet | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| " World of Fashion | 6 00 | 4 00 |
| Chambers' Journal | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Chambers' Miscellany | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| All the Year Round (Boz) | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| London Art Journal | 12 00 | 6 00 |
| Blackwood's Magazine | 4 00 | 2 00 |
| Westminster Quarterly Review | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| North British Review | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| Edinburgh Review | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| London Quarterly Review | 4 00 | 1 50 |
| The four Reviews and Blackwood | 15 00 | 8 00 |
| Toronto Globe (Canada) | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Commercial Advertiser (Honolulu) | 7 00 | 3 50 |
| Shanghai News Letter (China) | 3 00 | 1 50 |

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**ALL THE SAN FRANCISCO**

**DAILIES AT PUB-**

**LISHERS'**

**RATES.**

Any Newspapers, Magazines, or Reviews, not mentioned in the above List, will be forwarded to order. Orders for Books, Stationery Music, Fancy Articles, etc., filled promptly. Purchases of all kinds outside of our regular business, promptly and faithfully attended to, at the lowest market prices. Subscriptions paid invariably in advance. Remittances required to be prepaid. Books imported to order from New York or London. Address,

**J. W. SULLIVAN,**

Bookseller and News Agent,

Jy1 tf San Francisco.

E. JACOB, Visalia, H. D. SILVERMAN, Centreville.

## E. JACOB & CO.,

**Centreville,**

**Have constantly on hand and are** receiving a large and well selected stock of

**Groceries,**
**Provisions,**
**Dry Goods,**
**Clothing,**
**Boots & Shoes,**
**Tinware,**
**Hardware,**
**CROCKERY AND AGRICULTURAL**
**IMPLEMENTS,**

And other articles of

**General Merchandise,**

Which they offer to the people of King's River, Dry Creek, and the public generally, at

**PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.**

**GIVE US A CALL!**

E. JACOB & CO.

Centreville, June 16th, 1870. tf

## ALLEN'S SALOON

**AND LIQUOR HOUSE.**

T. J. ALLEN.....PROPRIETOR

**Millerton, Fresno County.**

THE CHOICEST BRANDS OF

**WINES,**
**LIQUORS,**
**CIGARS,**
**AND TOBACCO,**

Always on hand.

**Liquor Sold by the Bottle or Gallon.**

## BARBER SHOP!

**MILLERTON.**

☞ In the Rear

OF ALLEN'S SALOON!

**COURT HOUSE**

## EXCHANGE SALOON

**T. J. PAYNE, Proprietor.**

**THERE CAN BE HAD AT ALL** times at the bar Choice

**WINES AND LIQUORS,**

Of all kinds, also

**CIGARS AND TOBACCO**

Of different brands, and at reasonable rates, for cash, as can be purchased in the State, of the same quality of article This Saloon also has in connection with it one of Lisenfield's fine

**BILLIARD TABLES,**

In perfect order, where persons can indulge in the most popular game of modern times. Past favors are thankfully acknowledged, and I hope, by strict attention to business, to merit the same in future.

## TO THE PUBLIC!

**THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY**

INFORMS HIS

**FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC**

IN GENERAL, THAT HE WILL CARRY ON

**BUSINESS IN MILLERTON!**

AND RECOMMENDS HIS STOCK OF

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE**

TO THEIR FAVOR, REQUESTING

**A SHARE OF THEIR PATRONAGE**

OTTO FROELICH,

Millerton, July 28, 1870. a17tf

## PREMIUMS TO

## GETTERS UP OF CLUBS

—FOR THE—

## FRESNO EXPOSITOR!

**WISHING TO ATTAIN AS Large** a circulation as possible immediately, we have been induced to offer the following premiums to getters up of Clubs:

Any one sending us FIFTY NAMES and $250 in Money, will be presented with a Splendid SEWING MACHINE of either of the following makes: Wheeler & Wilson, Florence, Grover & Baker, Weed's Elliptic Stitch, or Howe's,

**Valued at.....$120 00**

Any one sending us THIRTY NAMES and $150 in Money, will receive a machine of either make

**Valued at.....$65 00**

To any person sending us FORTY NAMES and $200 in Money, we will send one of either of the above make of machines

**Valued at.....$85 00**

Any one sending us TWENTY NAMES and $100 in Money, will be presented with an excellent Saddle, McCarthy's make,

**Valued at.....$30**

We feel that we can offer these premiums and make money by it, as we would be compelled to pay a canvasser if we sent one out, hence our liberal premiums. Any lady desiring a first class Sewing Machine will find this an excellent opportunity of getting one. **PETERS & CO.,**

**Publishers.**

C. A. HART, S. B. ALISON.

## HART & ALISON,

## ATTORNEYS AT LAW!

**OFFICE,**

**At McCray's Old Hotel, Millerton,**

**FRESNO COUNTY.**

Will promptly attend to any business intrusted to their care, in the Counties of Fresno, Tulare, Mariposa and Merced. ap27-tf

## S. W. HENRY'S

**BLACKSMITHING AND WHEEL-**

**WRIGHT ESTABLISHMENT,**

**Millerton, Fresno Co., California.**

**EVERY KIND OF BLACKSMITH-** ing done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner.

☞ Particular attention paid to

**HORSE-SHOEING.**

GANG PLOUGHS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, etc., and everything necessary for farmers' use, manufactured with dispatch.

**GASTON'S CELEBRATED**

**EXCELSIOR GRAIN SOWER!**

Is also manufactured at this establishment. This machine can be worked in conjunction with Gang Ploughs or separately on wheels, and is admitted by all who have seen it to be the best Sower now in use.

**WHEELWRIGHTING.**

Wagons and carriages made to order at low rates. All sorts of wagon repairing, etc., done. The best of material used and none but the most skillful workmen employed.

—o—

## TO FARMERS!

**I HAVE BOUGHT THE RIGHT** for Fresno County to manufacture and sell Legrett's celebrated gates. The only patent gate that has stood the test of practical use, and found to be what it was represented. This gate can be opened at a distance of twenty feet, and closed again after passing through, without ever dismounting from your wagons. The opening apparatus being above the reach of stock there is no danger of its being opened by them. It is simple in construction, can be easily managed and understood, and is not likely to get out of repair.

The right to use it will be sold to any person for the low sum of $5 00, and gates manufactured for parties desiring them in the most substantial manner, at

**PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.**

I intend erecting one of these gates in Millerton and farmers are requested to call and examine it before purchasing, and be convinced that it is

**JUST WHAT IT IS REPRESENTED**

## NEW FERRY

**ACROSS SAN JOAQUIN RIVER.**

**THE Millerton Ferry Company** beg leave to inform the traveling public that their

**NEW FERRY**

Situated one-half mile below the town of Millerton, is now in complete running order. All the apparatus connected with said ferry being new, and the banks on either side being cut down to an easy grade, a safe, quick and easy crossing can at

**ALL TIMES BE EFFECTED.**

Excellent roads leading to the ferry have been constructed on the banks of the river.

WALKER, FAYMONVILLE & CO.

April 2nd, 1870. ap27-6m

L. E. CHICARD, L. DE BLAINVIELE, G. B. BLANCHARD

## L. E. CHICARD & CO.,

Successors to S. Starbuck, Smith Whiting and J. Pache,

**DRAYING, FORWARDING AND**

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

**Starbuck's Building, Corner Commerce and Levee Sts.,**

OPPOSITE THE STEAMBOAT LANDING.

Goods received from steamers and forwarded to all parts of the Southern Mines, at the lowest rates of freight.

GRAIN STORED at 37½ cents per ton per month, and liberal advances made thereon.

**Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides and Sheep Skins.**

ap27-3m L. E. CHICARD & CO.


## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Justice's Court, Fresno county, State of California, in and for the Second Township, duly attested, at the suit of Thomas Winkleman against F. M. Ritter and C. P. Converse, on a certain judgment rendered in said court on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1869, for the sum of two hundred and ninety-nine ($299 46) 46-100 dollars, and thirty-two 72-100 ($32 72) dollars, interest, also forty-one 59-100 ($41 59) dollars, cost of suit, in gold coin of the United States, I have levied upon a certain ranch and improvements, formerly known as Brown's ranch, and at present known as Ritter's ranch, situated on the west side of the north fork of the San Joaquin river, about three-fourths of a mile above Converse's saw mill, and about one-half mile below Crane Valley, in Fresno county, State of California, consisting of two houses and ten acres of land, more or less, under fence.

Notice is hereby given that on

**Tuesday, September 6th, A. D. 1870,**

at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House door, in the town of Millerton, I will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in gold coin of the United States, all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, F. M. Ritter, in and to the above described property.

J. N. WALKER, Sheriff.

Millerton, August 1st, 1870. 10 3t

**COUNTY**

## BOARD OF EXAMINATION!!

**There will be a Meeting of the** County Board of Examination at the Dry Creek School House on

**WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7,**

Applicants for County Certificates are requested to be present at the time.

County Supt. and ex-officio Chairman County Board of Examiners.

August 3, 1870.

## RANCH FOR SALE.

**THE undersigned being desirous** of leaving the State, wishes to sell his premises, a very desirable property, situated on the south side of the San Joaquin river, sixteen miles below Millerton, consisting of dwelling house barn, outhouses, and seventy-five acres of land under fence, also fifteen tons of hay. Possession given immediately.

JOSE MONTANA.

August 10th, 1870. tf

## DISSOLUTION NOTICE!

**The Copartnership heretofore exis-** ting under the firm name of Froelich, Jensen & Co., in Millerton and on Dry Creek, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 28th of July, 1870 Either party will sign in liquidation.

G. O'HARA TAAFFE,
F. JENSEN,
4t OTTO FROELICH.

**WM. T. RUMBLE,**

## JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

**Millerton, Cal.**

# The Fresno Expositor

"MARY had a little lamb," has heretofore been very popular, but since the recent sheep disease, Mary lost her lamb, and the following is offered as a consolation to the aforesaid Mary:

Mary has a Grecian Bend,
Which crooks her like a bow,
And looks, when sticking upon end,
Like a hump of a buffalo.

It follows her behind all day,
When she goes forth to school,
And makes the children laugh and play
To find her such a fool.

## FOR THE CHILDREN.

A FEW weeks ago, a gentleman living in an Eastern town was called out of his bed one morning by several vigorous raps on his front door. Hastily dressing himself he responded to the call, and found standing upon the step an uncouth, roughly-clad boy, with an ax on his shoulder, who hastily thrusting his hand into his pantaloons pocket, and drawing out a small roll handed it to Judge H., saying:

"There's seventy-five dollars, which I want you to put into the savings bank," and hastily turned on his heel and started away.

The Judge slightly disconcerted at the curious proceeding, scarcely knew what to say, till at length, recovering his wits he cried after the boy:

"Stop, come back here. How did you come by this money?"

"I worked and earned it, sir. My time was out last night, and I got my money. I've got a job chopping wood, which I shall begin on this morning. I thought I'd leave the money here as I went to work, and then it would not take up my time this evening when I went to study."

"What is your name, my boy?" asked the Judge.

"I wrote it on the paper that I wrapped the money up in," shouted the little wood-chopper, as he passed on to work.

That boy's note for a thousand dollars, due ten years hence, would be as good as gold. If he has health he will be worth double that then.

He is beginning in the right way. The moment his job was out for the summer, he entered upon another job, and put his money where it could work for him; and with an economy of time, which is more to be praised than his forethought with regard to money, he could not endure to have a moment devoted to anything but his books when the long evenings came.

Five years from to day, with a good education, with good habits, with a few hundred dollars which he has earned by his work, his chances for a place in the business and political world will be far greater than those of the spendthrift boy who, born with fortune, begins without knowing the worth of money, and instead of going up goes down.

'TIS fair to step towards virtue, and happiness to delight in the society of the good and wise.

SLEEP is life's nurse, sent from heaven to create us anew day by day.

THE CHINESE.—There are 400,0000,000 inhabitants in the Chinese Empire. Some years ago, in order to convey an idea of the immensity of that moving mass of barbarians, an ingenious savan made a novel calculation to determine how long a procession of 400,000,000 people would make marching single file over the earth's surface. He ascertained that the marching column would encircle this planet more than eighteen times.

THE American officers engaged by the Khedive of Egypt, still in this country, but who were expected to leave in October, have received instructions to report at Cairo immediately. The officers number about seventy. The instructions were telegraphed from Alexandria to the representative of the Egyptian Government in New York.

A MAN might as well climb a forty-foot ladder, turn it over on his shoulder and go down the other side, as to turn a woman against the fellow she "goes with." Woman's affection once fixed is like the hub of a wagon wheel, it keeps going around the same spot, however it may wobble and squeak.

THE last sensation in Beloit, Wisconsin, was a foot race between three young women and a pig, of which the local papers say: "Owing to the 'equatorial heat,' the member of the swine persuasion came out a few feet ahead, and thereby managed to save his bacon."

A LADY passing along the street was met by a young man, who in passing stepped on her dress. Turning to the lady he remarked: "Hoops take up too much room." "Not so much as whisky, sir," she replied, and passed on.

A SHODDY dame in Northern New York, lately a domestic, while ordering some silverware, desired the astonished clerk to have her "entrails, B. M., engraved on each piece."

"JOHN," asked a physician of the apothecary's apprentice, "did Mrs. Green get the medicine I ordered?" "I guess so," replied John, "for I saw crape hanging to the door knob this morning."

## HOUSE, FARM AND GARDEN.

TO TELL VALUABLE COWS.—The American *Stock Journal* in reference to this subject says: "Now we can go into a dairying neighborhood, and point to farmers who are losing from two to three thousand dollars a year by keeping cows yielding 200 pounds of butter a year instead of those that would yield from five to six hundred pounds in the same time. How many dairymen can tell the relative value of each cow of his herd by actual test? There is a little instrument for this purpose that don't cost much, but very few dairymen know anything about it. It is called a 'lacometer,' constructed by placing a number of glass tubes of equal length and diameter in a wooden frame. The milk from each cow is placed in some of these glass tubes; there they stand side by side, and you can see the depth of cream that rises in each tube representing a certain cow, and estimate her value thereby. These instruments are kept for sale in the large cities."

EVERY one knows that there is a great loss of pulp in paring peaches with a knife and to obviate which an exchange suggests the following method of treating them: Make lye as strong as possible of wood ashes and soft water; fill a kettle with the lye, and when boiling drop in twelve or eighteen peaches, and take out again almost immediately, and immerse them in a pail of cold water. Take one in your hand, and you will perceive that the rind will strip off entirely, leaving a round, beautiful yellow ball; throw it immediately into another pail of pure water, and so proceed till all are done. This process will not injure the flavor of the finest peach, and once tried, the old fashioned way of pealing with a knife will not be again adopted. If the lye is not strong enough, put in the kettle two dippers full of clean ashes. This is an excellent way to rid small onions of their skins preparatory to pickling them.

THERE is a cheap mosquito bar in vogue among the plantation hands and boatmen in some parts of the South which answers every purpose to the letter—it is common coal oil. A small quantity of oil is dropped upon a piece of cotton, and then squeezed out as dry as possible; after which the cotton is rubbed over the face and hands. No mosquito will alight where the scent has been left.

THE following is said to be a reliable method for preserving grapes during the winter:

Take boxes about the size of candle boxes, nail pieces across the ends to lay slats on, and put in the bottom a newspaper. Have ready a dish of hot sealing wax, and dip the ends of the stems in this. Put a layer of grapes in the box carefully, then a paper, then grapes again and so on until full; not more than three layers in each box. Nail up tight; keep in a cool dry place until cold weather then place in a dry cellar.

IRON rust is removed by salt mixed with lemon juice. Mildew, by dipping in sour buttermilk and laying in the sun.—Ink stains may be sometimes taken out by smearing with hot tallow, left on when the stained article goes to wash. Freezing will take out old fruit stains, and scalding with boiling water will remove those that have never been through the wash.

WILL LAGER BEER INTOXICATE?—In Syracuse a jury have decided the oft-mooted question, "Is lager beer intoxicating?" in the negative. One of the witnesses testified that he had drank lager beer since he was a child, and that in his opinion, it was intoxicating if a man's stomach could be found sufficiently large to contain enough. Another said he swallowed two gallons of it every day, and was never intoxicated. A third said: "When I feel first rate, I could drink about twenty glasses; more than sixty before becoming intoxicated; about eighty glasses makes me sleepy."

A lager beer distiller gave a portion of his evidence as follows: "Never saw a man get drunk on larger; some men bear more than others: it makes some men weak and sick, so that they cannot do their duty; makes their system weak all over; makes their legs weak; don't know whether or not whisky will make one drunk; know lager will make them weak sometimes."

A witness who swore that he had used lager daily for twenty-five years, that since he had commenced drinking he had increased fifty pounds; if he had no lager thinks he would die.

So, on the strength of this array of testimony, selling lager on Sunday was declared to be perfectly proper.

A MISSOURI newspaper claims that the hogs of that State are so fat that in order to find out where their heads are it is necessary to make them squeal, and then judge by the sound.

TRENTON, N. J., has a sensation in the discovery of a petrified cat under a church. It is believed that she was preached to sleep by a minister who is still at large.

HORACE GREELEY intends to write a series of articles on "What I know about running a saw mill." His experience in *saws* is very large.


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(It is not to be understood that the following table is the time to make the garments, but to do the stitching only.)

| | By Machine. | | By Hand. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Hours. | Min. | Hours. | Min. |
| Gentleman's Fine Shirt | 1 | 16 | 15 | 26 |
| Fine Coat | 2 | 38 | 15 | 35 |
| Silk Vest | 1 | 14 | 7 | 19 |
| Cloth Trowsers | 0 | 51 | 5 | 10 |
| Silk Dress | 1 | 13 | 8 | 27 |
| Merino Dress | 1 | 4 | 8 | 27 |
| Calico Dress | 0 | 57 | 6 | 37 |
| Chemise | 1 | 10 | 10 | 31 |
| Night Dress | 1 | 7 | 10 | 2 |
| Muslin Skirt | 0 | 30 | 7 | 10 |
| Muslin Skirt, 15 tucks | 2 | 30 | 22 | 10 |
| Infant's Plain Robe | 0 | 35 | 8 | 5 |
| Infant's robe 50 plaits | 7 | 35 | 41 | 50 |
| Plain Drawers | 0 | 35 | 4 | 16 |
| Quilting Silk Skirt | 11 | 30 | 50 | 20 |
| Stitching 12 linen collars | 0 | 43 | 10 | 5 |
| Stitching 12 linen cuffs | 0 | 40 | 10 | 15 |
| Stitching 12 shirt fronts | 1 | 20 | 23 | 20 |
| Hemming 12 hank'chiefs | 0 | 45 | 8 | 10 |
| Boy's Pants | 0 | 49 | 2 | 60 |
| Boy's Vest | 0 | 35 | 2 | 50 |
| Boy's Coat | 1 | 15 | 7 | 20 |

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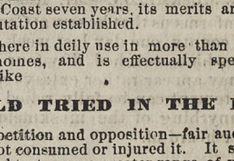

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